

COVID-19 Webinar Series

Lessons About COVID-19 Survivorship: From Long COVID to Post-Intensive Care Syndrome

January 21, 2021 3 pm - 4 pm CT









MODERATOR: Neha Dangayach, MD

PANELISTS: E. Wesley Ely, MD, MPH | Dylan Wessman, MD, CAPT, MC, USN David Putrino, PhD



Athletes and COVID-19: "Return to Play" Recommendations

Dylan E. Wessman, MD CAPT, MC (UMO), USN FACC, FACP, FAHA



Disclaimer

 The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of the Department of the Navy, the Department of Defense, or the U.S. Government.

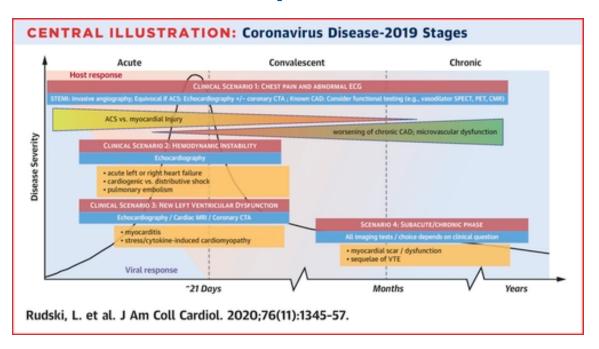


Faculty Disclosure

• Dr. Dylan E. Wessman has no relevant financial relationships with any commercial supporters.

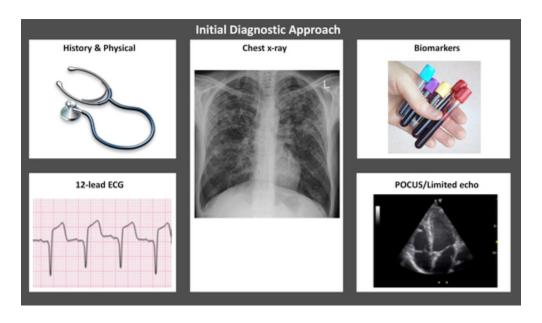


Cardiovascular Complications of COVID-19





Cardiac Evaluation in COVID-19

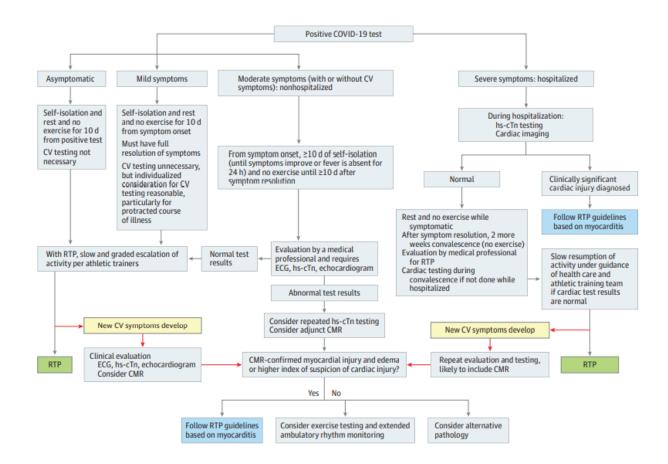


Rudski L, et al. <u>J Am Coll Cardiol</u> 2020; 76: 1345–1357.



"Return to Play" (RTP) Algorithms

- Based on age, COVID-19 severity, and symptoms.
- Cardiac testing for athletes with moderate or severe COVID-19:
 - Troponin, electrocardiogram, and/or echocardiogram
 - Cardiac MRI reserved for suspected myocardial injury
- Three proposed RTP algorithms:
 - Athletes in competitive high school sports
 - Adult athletes in competitive sports
 - Recreational masters athletes



Kim JH, et al. <u>JAMA Cardiol</u> 2020. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2020.5890.



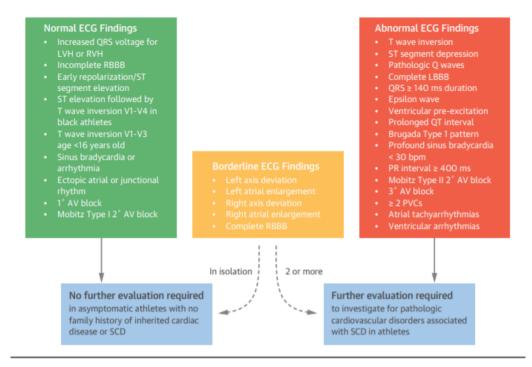
Cardiac Troponin (cTn)

- Detect subclinical myocardial injury
- High-sensitivity cTn (hs-cTn) recommended
- No established reference range for athletes
- Can be released after prolonged or strenuous exercise
- Do not measure within 24-48 hours of exercise

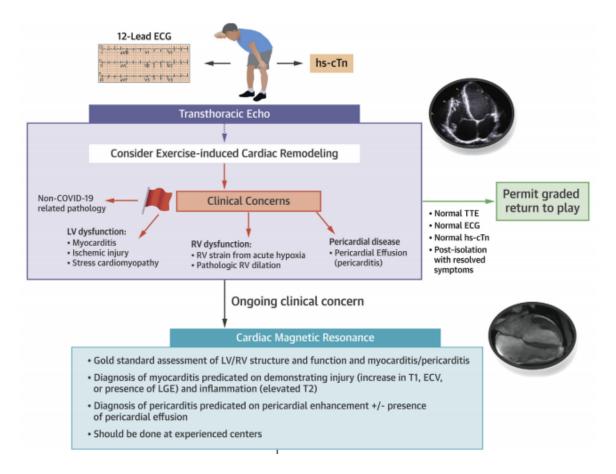
Electrocardiogram (ECG)

- Common diagnostic tool
- Low sensitivity and specificity
- High prevalence of anomalies in athletes
- Abnormalities related to myocarditis:
 - Complex ectopy or ventricular arrhythmias
 - ST-segment and T-wave changes
 - Left bundle branch block
 - Atrioventricular block

ECG Interpretation in Athletes

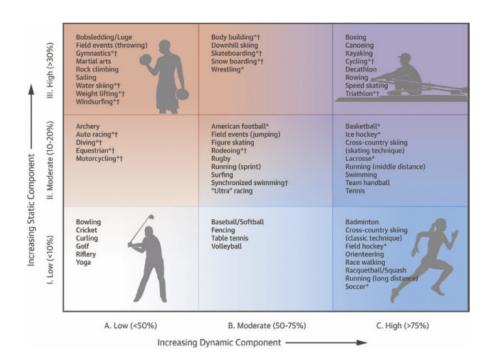


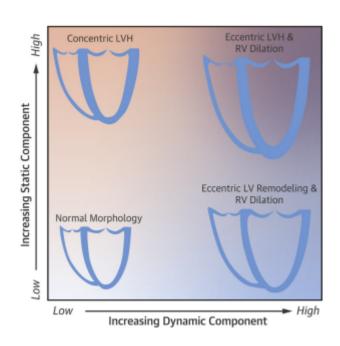
AV = atrioventriular block; LBBB = left bundle branch block; LVH = left ventricular hypertrophy; RBBB = right bundle branch block; RVH = right ventricular hypertrophy; PVC = premature ventricular contraction; SCD = sudden cardiac death.



Phelan D, et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Cardiovasc Imaging 2020; 13: 2635–2652.

Exercise-Induced Cardiac Remodeling (EICR)







Myocarditis Recommendations

- Athletes should not participate in competitive sports while active inflammation is present, regardless of age, gender, and left ventricular function (Class III).
- Before returning to competitive sports, athletes should undergo resting echocardiogram, 24-hour Holter monitoring, and exercise ECG no less than 3 to 6 months after the initial illness (Class I).



Myocarditis Recommendations

- It is reasonable for athletes resume training and competition when the following criteria are met (Class IIa):
 - Cardiac biomarkers have normalized.
 - Ventricular systolic function has normalized.
 - Clinically-relevant ectopy and arrhythmias are absent on Holter monitor and graded exercise ECG.
- It is unresolved whether resolution of myocarditis-related LGE should be required to permit return to competitive sports.

GRADUATED RETURN TO PLAY PROTOCOL

UNDER MEDICAL SUPERVISION

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ACRONYMS: I-PRRS (INJURY - PSYCHOLOGICAL READINESS TO RETURN TO SPORT); RPE (RATED PERCEIVED EXERTION SCALE) NOTE: THIS GUIDANCE IS SPECIFIC TO SPORTS WITH AN AEROBIC COMPONENT

Elliott N, et al. Br J Sports Med 2020; 54: 1174-1175.

Phase 1

Goal: preparation for return to exercise Exercise: rest, breathing exercises, flexibility/ stretching, balance, gentle walking Suggested Rating of Perceived Exertion (RPE): 6-8

Phase 2

Goal: low intensity activity such as walking and light yoga, and light household/ garden tasks Exercise: graduated increases by 10-15 mins/ day Suggested RPE: 6-11 Progression: 7 days and when can walk 30

minutes at RPE 11

Phase 3

Goal: moderate intensity aerobic and strength challenge
Exercise: an example would be 2 intervals of 5 minute aerobic exercise separated by 1 block of recovery. Add one interval per day as tolerated
Suggested RPE: 12-14
Progression: 7 days and when can achieve 30 minute session, and feel

Phase 4

Goal: moderate intensity aerobic and strength challenge with co-ordination and functioning skills Exercise: 2:1 days training: recovery

Suggested RPE: 12-14 Progression: 7 days and when fatigue levels are normal

Phase 5

Goal: baseline exercise Exercise: return to regular exercise pattern Suggested RPE: >15 as tolerated

Only exercise if: you feel recovered from the previous day, no new, or return of, symptoms Spend at least a few minutes warming up and cooling down at the beginning and end of a session respectively

recovered after an hour

Any abnormal shortness of breath for a given activity level, or return of symptoms including temperature, lethargy or chest pain

Seek medical advice

Monitor your mood. If you feel more anxious, down or low, speak to someone, and seek medical advice if you are concerned

Borg Rating of Perceived Exertion (RPE)

6 No exertion 14
7 Extremely light 15 Hard (heavy)
8 16
9 Very light 17 Very hard

 10
 18

 11 Light
 19 Extremely hard

 12
 20 Maximal exertion

13 Somewhat hard

Salman D, et al. <u>BMJ</u> 2021; 372: m4721.



Questions?

Email: dylan.e.wessman.mil@mail.mil



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- Sharma S, et al. International Recommendations for Electrocardiographic Interpretation in Athletes. <u>J Am Coll Cardiol</u> 2017; 69: 1057-1075.
- DoD COVID-19 Practice Management Guide (Version 6.0): https://jts.amedd.army.mil/index.cfm/PI_CPGs/COVID-19
 - POST-COVID-19 CARDIOPULMONARY RETURN TO EXERCISE RECOMMENDATIONS