IET confers a low overall bleeding risk. Bleeding risk is increased with concurrent AC; however, withholding AC prior to IET reduces this risk.

OVERALL PLEURAL BLEEDING INCIDENCE:
76/1,833 = 4.1%
(95% CI, 3.0 - 5.0)

Therapeutic anticoagulation (AC) associated with increased bleeding rates
- 19/197 = 9.6%

Withholding AC prior to IET mitigated risk
- 3/118 = 2.6%, P = .017

Half-dose tissue plasminogen activator did not change risk
- 6/172 = 3.5%, P = .68

Akulian J, et al. CHEST March 2022 | @journal_CHEST | https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chest.2022.06.012
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