

[HIGH QUALITY VERBAL FEEDBACK IN MEDICAL EDUCATION]

Feedback is a **process** that requires time, planning and intentionality. Feedback is perhaps most effective when the teacher and the learner are 1) aware of the expectations, goals and objectives, 2) the teacher is intentionally assessing learner behaviors and performance and 3) the teacher is creating a safe, supportive atmosphere where it's okay and expected that learners need to grow & develop. The following are considerations when providing feedback:

- 1. Differentiate between feedback and evaluation
- 2. Communicate goals and objectives for feedback
- 3. Base feedback on first hand observation
- 4. Establish a comfortable, private learning climate
- 5. Include the learner's self-assessment in the feedback session
- 6. Limit the amount of feedback delivered at one time
- 7. Confirm the learner's understanding and facilitate acceptance
- 8. Conclude with an action plan
- 9. Make feedback timely and a regular occurrence, as part of the institutional culture.
- 10.Be transparent and clear

Effective educator behaviors

Educator establishes an effective learning environment (nonjudgmental, supportive, honest, respectful, trustworthy)

Educator clearly describes the specific incident

Educator clarifies standards and expectations of target performance

Educator helps develop a learner-tailored action plan in collaboration with the learner

Helpful tools when providing oral feedback

Ask-Tell-Ask Model: Use this to assist in shifting from a directive to a collaborative approach

Sandwich Technique: Literature suggests learners may be more receptive to feedback when "reinforcing feedback" precedes and follows the "opportunity for growth" feedback

Bidirectional feedback: Invite feedback on your performance to establish/encourage open learning environment

2018 APCCMPD Session 3

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References:

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